

Propaganda: key words starter

(

Discover: new vocabulary **Explore**: key word meanings **Skill**: language development.

Intellectuals



erSuade



PriMitive



Deceive



Media



Manipulate



Motions



ProFessional



Tools (medium) used to communicate information

To influence or to get someone to do something

Feelings

Basic or not intelligent

Describes a person who does their work honestly and with pride

The smart, clever people

Is to lie

To control the action or thoughts of another—using clever or sneaky methods

Word	Definition	Translate / Similar

Propaganda

Define Propaganda

1





Propaganda Techniques

1. Bandwagon - peer pressure, and everyone else is doing it!

2

3.

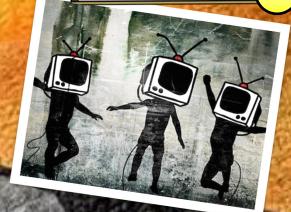
4

5

7.

8. Others? E.G. Repetition

Message Here?



Strategies Used?

5

6

Propaganda 2

11

Social Media and Fake News

1.

2.

3

Δ

Why is it important to educate YOURSELF?

Rank Newspapers

Most important quote?

10

Emotion Targeted

14



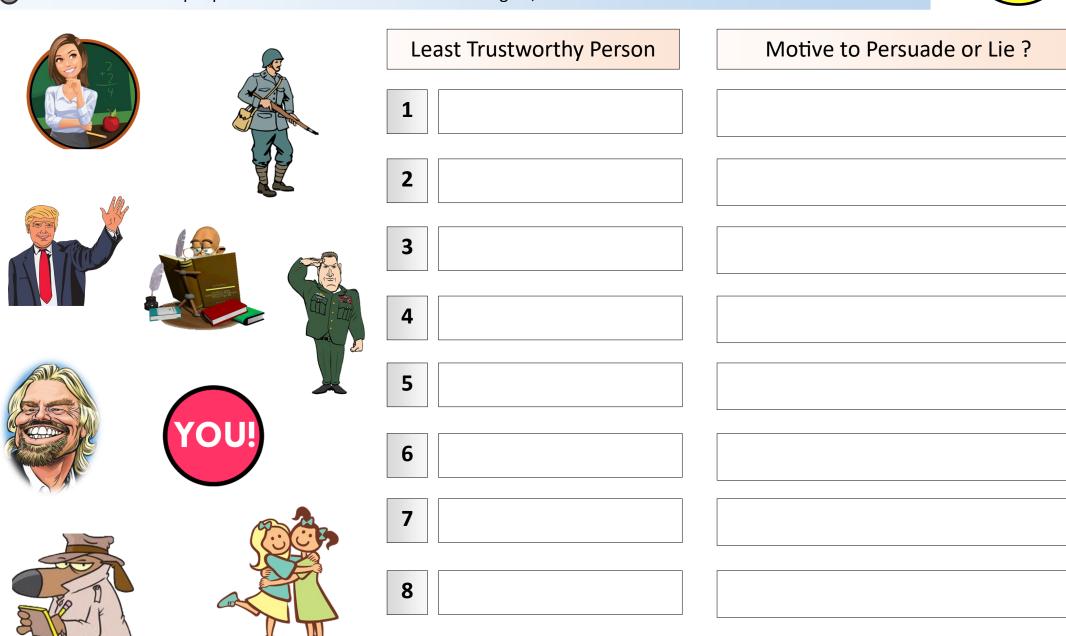
Emotion Targeted in Poster

14

Motive: origin and the 'why'

Mission: to evaluate people and the motives behind their thoughts, beliefs and words.





9

Recognising Bias: Trump's Tweets

8

Discover: how to recognise bias **Explore**: the mind of Donald J. Trump **Skill**: source analysis and evaluation.

В

Arrogant. Only interested in **own opinion**. Not tolerant of other people's beliefs or opinions.



Focus only on the good or bad. **Not at all balanced**. Subjective not objective.



Boasts about own achievements OR disrespects those of others.



Contains reactive, **emotional**, strong words (e.g. superlatives) look out for use of CAPS and !!!!!!



Takes the truth but makes it much smaller or bigger. Or may just lie.



The information is **not corroborated** by other more reliable sources of information.





Source CONTENT Reliability	
(What: Use BIASED to help	,

The content is / is not reliable

The content is / is not reliable
Reason 1:
Example:

Reason 2:	 	

Source Origin Reliable? (Who , When, Where)

The origin is / not reliable

Source Purpose Reliability (Why / Motive)

(Why / Motive)
The purpose is / not reliable

Overall Source Usefulness:	Not Useful	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10 Very Useful
Overall Source Reliability:	Very Unreliable	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10 Very Reliable

Task: to give examples of propaganda techniques (use the PPT for advert, classic and modern / contemporary)

Technique	Adverts	Classic	Trump	Modern	The Nazis	Personal
			MAKE AMERICA GREAT AGAIN		(
Bandwagon					Nuremberg	
Join the party					Rallies	
Plain Folks						
I am just like you						
Testimonials						
Celebrity review						
Generalisation						
Superlatives 'best'						
Card Stacking						
One Sided						
Name Calling					' November	
To create fear					Criminals '	
Transfer						
Symbols						
Repetition						
Repetition						





'If you tell a lie big enough and keep repeating it, people will eventually come to believe it. There was no point in seeking to convert the intellectuals. For intellectuals would never be converted and would anyways always yield to the stronger, and this will always be 'the man in the street.' Arguments must therefore be crude, clear and forcible, and appeal to emotions and instincts, not the intellect. The rank and file are usually much more primitive than we imagine. Propaganda must therefore always be essentially simple and repetitive.'

Joseph Goebbels: Nazi Minister for Propaganda and Enlightenment, c 1942.

Who created this source:						
		their job, role	or positic	on:		
Who is it for / audience:						
When was it created:	ear: Century:	E BCE OCE O	Primar	ry 🔘 Secor	ndary 🤇	Tertiary O
Where is the person who crea	ated the source fro	om ?				
What type of source is it: Let	tter / Speech / Dia	ry / Other :				
What is the content of the so	urce. Summarise t	his in your own wor	ds rather	then just co	opy out	lines.
Firstly the source says:						
Furthermore it reveals:						
Additionally it illustrates :						
Finally it shows us :						
Why was the source created	d. Is there a special	reason or motive ?_				
Use the bias indicators below to he	aln decide if the source is a	reliable or not. Think about 1.0	rovenance -th	ne origins or who	re the sou	rce came from
		ion, is the content supported				
C Unreliable What Reliable P	Who	When	itaass may ba	Where Where a person co	mes	Why
	Could the person know things others do not?	Primary sources from a good eyew truthful, <u>but</u> they can also be confi emotional. Primary sources may be	used or	from may influence reliability of a source	the	Does the person have a motive or a reason to lie?
T Strong Language Softer Language E Emotional Calm N	Do they have an important job?	long time after the event so the pe have forgotten some details.	rson may	example, a German	ards a	Does the person have a reason to tell the truth?
N Boastful Modest N Exaggerates Understates	Is the person trustworthy?	Secondary sources may get change The person was not there, but the		Jewish person and person may feel an towards Germans e	gry	Could it be propaganda?
Subjective Objective Not Corroborated Corroborated	Could their 'audience' influence what is said or written?	written with less emotion and usin information that was not available	-	today.	ven	
Unudiable 1	2 3 4	4 5 6	7 (3 9	10	Daliable
Unreliable 1			7 8		10	Reliable
1: Source provenance may	may not 0 m	nake the source reliat	ole becau	se:		
Example from the source : "						,,
2: The source content may	may not O m	nake the source reliah	ale hecau	(p •		
Example from the source : "	· 					"
		y not be reliable. Is t	ha cource	unnarted	/ corro	horated?
3. Any other ideas why the	course may or may	VIIOLDE PHADIE ICL	ne source	s supported	/ (0110	borateu:
3: Any other ideas why the	source may or may	y mot be remable. Is t				
3: Any other ideas why the	source may or may	, not be reliable. Is t				

PROPAGANDA

BY

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