The Rise Of Hitler Board Game
**Question:** What cost 200 000 million marks in 1923?

**Answer:** Loaf of bread

**Question:** Two ways the SA helped Hitler?

**Answer:** Improved brand / identity of the Nazis OR intimidated political opponents

**Question:** 2 reasons why 1923 was a period of crisis for Weimar Government

**Answer:** Hyper-inflation OR Munich Putsch (other?)

**Question:** Who was leader of the SA

**Answer:** Ernst Rohm

**Question:** What ‘O’ was a skill Hitler had

**Answer:** Oratory

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Another player must draw and ask the chance questions: show picture cards and cover name with finger or thumb

**Who am I?**

- Friedrich Ebert
- Wolfgang Kapp
- Franz von Papern
Each player to create a set of ‘chance’ questions.

Keep questions focused on the factors/events that sculpted Hitler and helped his rise to power by 1934.
Game Ideas and Suggestions

What you need = 1 rolling dice and one glue stick plus previous knowledge of Rise of Hitler / Weimar Germany units.

Player pieces / counters - ( option to cut and or laminate these below or players make or choose their own )

Game suggestions
Players that land on a date have to name the event that occurred on that date.

Miss a turn if a player cannot answer a question OR players decide on another rule.

Each player should ( as a prepared homework ) create one or more set of chance cards to add to the game’s chance pile.

Go further: Use this as stimulus for students to design their own revision game for this or other unit of work.
Q1: Two ways being made helps you?

Q18: Why does President Hindenburg make you chancellor?

Q2: What medal were you awarded during WW1?

Jan 1933

1903
Your mean father dies. Forward 1

1907
Your mother dies. Back 1

July 1914
Homeless in Vienna, Austria. See Jews doing well. Back to start.
Q1: Where were you born?
A: Austria-Hungary
B: Germany
C: Austria

Q15: Nazi propaganda message...

Q16: Your speeches attack?
WG + V
J
C

Q17: Name of German Parliament?

Hospital
Roll 4, 5 or 6 to get out.
Return to July, 1914 once out.

GO
April 1889

Q1: Where were you born?
A: Austria-Hungary
B: Germany
C: Austria

You have a difficult childhood with a mean father.
Back
Q20: Group blamed for the Reichstag fire...

Q3: Which group tried to take over Berlin in 1919?

Q4: Which group stopped the group that tried to take Berlin?

Feb 1933

6 Jan 1919

6 Nov 1918

June 1919
Q3: Name the Big Three?

Q4: British newspaper headline. Make Germany....?

Q5: Versailles terms. German army restricted to ...?

Q6: Another name for Article 231?

Q7: Was the treaty a Long or Short term factor behind your rise?

Aug 1934
Q8: The original name for the political party you joined in 1919?

Q10: What did you realise while in prison after the Munich Putsch?

Q11: Give 2 ways the failed Munich Putsch helped you.

Q22: Nazi Seats in March 1933 elections?

Q23: Power given to you under the Enabling Law.

Q20: What did you do in prison after the Munich Putsch?

Q21: Give 2 ways you helped improve the brand of the Nazi Party.

Q22: Nazi Seats in March 1933 elections?

Q23: Power given to you under the Enabling Law.

Q8: The original name for the political party you joined in 1919?

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Q20: What did you do in prison after the Munich Putsch?

Q21: Give 2 ways you helped improve the brand of the Nazi Party.

Q8: The original name for the political party you joined in 1919?
Q21: Name of 'safety valve' in the German constitution.

Q14: AJP Taylor: “It was the Global Depression that put the…. Complete quote.

Q13: What did the USA recall that hurt German businesses?

Q2: Nazi seats in 1924 or 1928. October 1929.
Board Game Answers

Q1: Austria-Hungary
Q2: Iron Cross
Q3: Lloyd George, Woodrow Wilson, Georges Clemenceau
Q4: Pay
Q5: 100,000 Men
Q6: War Guilt Clause
Q7: Long
Q8: German Workers Party
Q9: Swastika Flag and SA
Q10: Needed to take power through democratic process not revolution
Q11: Time to reflect + New Strategies + Good source of personal propaganda
Q12: 1924 (32) 1928 (12)
Q13: Loans
Q14: Wind in Hitler’s sails
Q15: Hope
Q16: Weimar Government + Versailles + Communists + Jews
Q17: Reichstag
Q18: Nazi have a majority in Reichstag Or also believed Hitler could be controlled in that role.
Q19: Raises profile of Hitler and Nazis OR gave Nazi access to state propaganda OR put Hitler in a position to influence Hindenburg.
Q20: Communists
Q21: Article 48
Q22: 288 + No
Q23: Arrest enemies without trial
Q24: Trade Unions + Other political parties
Q25: Army

Dates
1889 = Hitler Born
1914 = WW1 begins
Nov 1918 = WW1 ends
Jan 1919 = Spartacists Revolt
June 1919 = Treaty of Versailles
Nov 1923 = Munich Putsch,
October 1929 = Wall Street Crash,
Jan 33 = Hitler named Chancellor
Feb 1933 = Reichstag Fire
March 1933 = Enabling Law
Aug 1934 = Hindenburg Dies
THE RISE OF HITLER

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