

**THE BIRMINGHAM  
Campaign, 1963**



# The Birmingham Campaign - 1963 .

 **Task :** 1. Number statements into a logical order 2. Colour code ( A ) aims and tactics ( B ) process ( C ) achievements ( D ) failures.



Further police violence took place. Protesters were beaten and set upon by dogs. 1300 young black people were arrested and imprisoned.

The Birmingham Campaign was organised by SCLC. Its main aim was to challenge segregation in Birmingham, Alabama .

King was criticised for the use of young people during the campaign.

President Kennedy said he was "*sickened*" by the images from Birmingham and they were un-American.

Talks between Birmingham officials and SCLC took place. The assistant Attorney General was sent to monitor and mediate.

A few months after the campaign, the KKK bombed a Baptist Church killing four girls inside.

King was also arrested - while in prison he wrote his famous 'Letter from Birmingham'. Publishes as '*The Negro is your Brother*'

In May, SCLC changed tactics, using students as protesters. They were able to spend time in jail. After being taunted. police responded by using fire hoses on them.

The events of Birmingham forced Kennedy into action and supporting a new bill on civil rights.

Schools remained segregated in Birmingham.

Bi-racial committees set up to end discrimination in employment. The campaign also created federal action and gained widespread sympathy for their cause.

Large department stores were desegregated and all protesters released from jail.

SCLC aimed to provoke Police Chief Eugene 'Bull' Connor into authorising police violence. But in April, Connor used legal methods.



# The Birmingham Campaign - 1963 .

 **Review** : 1. Add summary sentence to match each images 2. Colour code ( A ) aims and tactics ( B ) process ( C ) achievements ( D ) failures.



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The Birmingham Campaign was organised by SCLC. Its main aim was to challenge segregation in Birmingham, Alabama .



SCLC aimed to provoke Police Chief Eugene 'Bull' Connor into authorising police violence. But in April, Connor used legal methods.

In May, SCLC changed tactics and using more students protesters. They were more able to spend time in jail. After being taunted, the police responded by using fire hoses on the young protesters.



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