

ORIGINS OF THE COLD WAR

Origins: the seeds of conflict

Hamburg*

Hanover

Frankfurt

AMERICAN ZONE



SEE BERLIN

0000000000

Bonn

FRENCI

ZONE

Even before WW2 ended there were reasons why the 'West' and the 'East' would split - The Russian Revolution, appeasement, the Nazi - Soviet Pact and the actions of both sides during the war made a post-war alliance look very unlikely.

Berlin

SOVIET ZONE

The **Potsdam** Conference



Under

Polish rule

After a successful meeting at Yalta little was agreed at Potsdam. Stalin now occupied Eastern Europe and the new leadership of the West had little time for Stalin.

The Eastern Bloc Formed



At Yalta, Stalin agreed to allow Eastern European countries under Soviet influence hold democratic elections.

By 1946 it became clear Stalin would not allow this to happen.

The Marshall Plan / Aid



As the West saw more countries fall under Stalin's control and following the 'Truman Doctrine' the USA decided to flood Europe with aid to help prop up the war-torn economies.

The Berlin Blockade



Berlin was deep inside the Soviet zone of a greater Germany.

To try and squeeze the West out of their zones in Berlin the Soviets blocked all road, canal and rail access.

NATO Formed



NATO - North Atlantic Treaty Organisation, was a military alliance set up by the West.

This meant Europe was clearly spilt into two opposing alliances. The USA / West and USSR in the East.

Cominform + Comecon



Stalin enrolled all countries un influence into Cominform by 1947.

In response to Marshall Aid Stalin set up Comecon. A Soviet led economic alliance of communist countries.

The Berlin Airlift



Rather than give up and face a humiliating defeat over West Berlin, the USA began a massive airlift dropping supplies to the blockaded population.

Stalin allowed the planes to fly over the Soviet zone.

Colour code the red circles to classify events into major causes.

Cold War Timeline

Communist Manifesto - Karl Marx

1918 International Cominterns set up in the West

1938 | Appeasement - Munich Crisis (Stalin isolated)

1918 - 21 | Soviet Civil War - Britain supports the Whites

Aug 1945 Two U.S. a b end WW2

Oct 1917 The R Revolution

Aug **1939** The N _ _ _ S _ _ _ P

Feb **1945** The Y Conference

Aug **1945** The P _ _ _ _ Conference

Mar 1946 | The _ _ _ Curtain Speech

Mar **1947** The _ _ _ _ _ Doctrine

June **1947** The _ _ _ _ Plan

Jan **1949** C _ _ _ _ established

Apr **1949** N established

1946 Eastern takes shape

1946 The G Civil War Intensifies

Jan 1947 B _ _ _ : US and Britain merge zones

June **1948** The B _ _ _ _ B _ _ _ _ _

1948 - 49 The B _ _ _ _ A _ _ _ _



Date

Soviets to Blame



USA / West to Blame

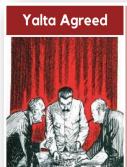
1848 - 1949



No Blame Misunderstandings



Ideological Differences



help the USA fight against Japan

once Germany had surrendered ELECTIONS

were liberated from occupation by the German army, they would be allowed to hold free, fair elections to chose the government

WAR CRIMINALS

The Big Three agreed to hunt down and punish war criminals who were responsible for the genocide in the Nazi

GERMANY be divided into four zones

amongst the Allies: USA, France, Britain and USSR

UNITED NATIONS

· The Big Three all agreed to join the new United Nations Organisation, which would aim to keep peace after the war.

EASTERN EUROPE

· The Big Three agreed that Eastern Europe should be seen as a 'Soviet sphere of influence' as Stalin was concerned about the future security of the USSR.

February 1945

Potsdam Agreements

Soviets can harvest their zone

USSR take any amount reparations

Bonus 10 % for Soviets

10% of reparations from other zones to USSR

Nazi War Criminals

To be captured and put on trial

Japan

Must surrender without condition



Potsdam Disagreements

Stalin's Influence in Fast

Forming 'Eastern Bloc' - pro leaders in Poland

Boundaries for Zones

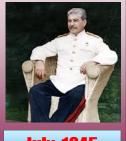
Disagreements at to where these should be

USSRs role ending war with Japan

USA now did NOT want Stalin involved.

Severity of German Punishment

Stalin wanted German crippled - USA did not



Changes between Ya + Po

Leadership - less friendly

RIP FDR died - replaced by hardliner Truman. Churchill replaced by Attlee

Eastern Bloc taking shape

Stalin had begun to insert pro communists into Eastern Europe-Poland

US Atomic Weapon

The USA now tested this new weapon - advantage over Stalin (and Japan). "If it works I'll sure have a hammer on these boys" - Harry Truman.

US President Harry Truman

President at Potsdam Conference. Did not like Stalin and was openly anti-communist.

Aim = to limit Stalin's influence in eastern Europe and backtrack on idea that the USSR should join the fight against Japan. Did not want Germany crippled after WW2.



"tired of babying the Soviets"

British PM - Clement Attlee



British Prime Minister.

He took over from Churchill at Potsdam - who had lost the British general election in July 1945.

Although a socialist he became increasingly concerned about Stalin and his tactics in Eastern Europe.

"anti-Communist struggle"

Stalin + Eastern Bloc

Stalin wanted a buffer zone of pro-Soviet countries.

He (justifiably?) said he wanted to stop invasion from the West as in WW1 + WW2.

Salami Tactics = take each part, country by country - rigged voting, violence + murder.

" If the Slav (majority of east European) people are inited no one will dare move against them" Stalin



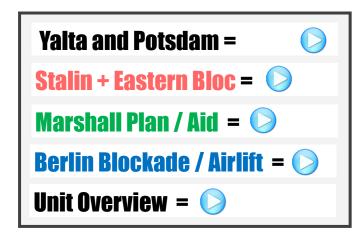


March 1946

Iron Curtain Speech

Churchill's words were clear enough. This was a turning point - arguably the start of the Cold War!

"From Stettin in the Baltic to **Trieste** in the Adriatic an **iron** curtain has descended across the continent."



Poland

After WW2 Communists joined a coalition government then took over as the majority.

Other non-communist party leaders were forced into exile.

Formation of the Eastern Bloc - 1947

Hungary



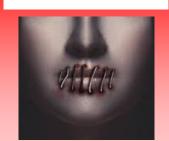
Communists took over the majority of the government.

Opposition leaders put in prison.

Church leaders attacked.

Formation of the Eastern Bloc - by 1947

Czechoslovakia



Communists took over the majority of the government.

Then banned all other parties thus creating a ONE party, communist state.

Formation of the Eastern Bloc - by 1948

Meanwhile ... Greece Civil War

Communists V Monarchists

Civil war started after Nazis abandoned Greece

Communist Winning

Britain unable to continue to help monarchists

Britain Appealed

To the USA to help in fight to stop communists

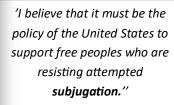
Impact = USA Support

One of the reasons for Marshall Aid / Plan



1945 - 49

Truman Doctrine



Nutshell = USA to stand against Stalin's Expansion in Europe

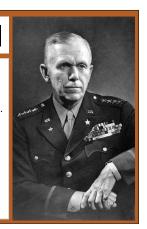
George Marshall

U.S. Secretary of State.

Believed that the best way to stop communism was to make people prosper.

He crafted and delivered the generous and far-sighted Marshall Plan.

He was awarded the Nobel Peace Prize in 1953.



Marshall Aid



George Marshall
believed every country
in Europe was so poor it
was in danger of falling
to communism. He felt
that US aid was needed
to stop ...

\$13 billion dollars.

Vyacheslav Moltov / Plan

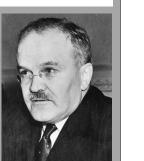
Stalin's Minister of Foreign Affairs

March 1947

He attacked the Marshall Plan naming it "Dollar Imperialism". He rejected any idea of allowing U.S aid into the Eastern Bloc.

He created his own economic plan that developed into COMECON.

"Dollar Imperialism"



Cominform

Cominform was an alliance of the communist parties / governments in Europe to coordinate their activity under the direction of Stalin during the early Cold War.

October 1947 = Communist Club

1947

Cold War Origins - Revision 1 of 2

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